# Title I Allocations to Schools

Alaska Department of Education & Early Development April 2014

#### Title I Allocations to Schools

- Determining poverty rates
- Determining eligible schools and those that will be served with Title I:
  - Ranking & serving rules
  - 125% rule
  - Exceptions
  - Small districts
- Determine district set-asides
- Distribute funds to schools

# **Poverty Data**

- Type of poverty data must be same for all schools
- Most use free & reduced lunch qualification
- Currently:
  - Direct certification data provided by Child Nutrition Services (CNS) monthly to districts to determine students qualified for free lunch
  - Household applications needed to determine additional students who qualify for free lunch and those who qualify for reduced lunch
    - School collects annually, except in Provision 2 or 3 schools in which applications are only collected every 4 or 5 years
    - NEW for 2014–2015: Community Eligibility Provision, household applications not collected

# Determining Eligible Schools

- All public schools must be listed on the Building Eligibility page with poverty rate, including correspondence and charter schools
- Enter school enrollment count and lowincome count for each school
  - GMS system automatically calculates the percentage of poverty
- Enter type of Title I service for each school
- Districts must follow ranking and serving rules, with some exceptions

# Ranking & Serving Rules

- Rank schools in order by poverty
  - All schools above the district poverty average or above 35% will be eligible to be served with Title I
  - All schools at 75% or above poverty must be served with Title I-A funds
  - District may determine the district "threshold" poverty rate above which it will serve schools
  - District may group and rank schools by grade span and serve a particular grade span
  - If any school is served that is below 35% poverty, must use 125% rule

# Exempting a School from Title I

- A school that is ranked as eligible to be funded with Title I funds may only be "skipped" or exempted from Title I funding if:
  - The school receives funding from supplemental state or local sources,
  - The funding is equivalent to what would have been received under Title I, and
  - The funding is used to provide a Title I-like program
- Mark that school as "Exempt" in the Service category of the Building Eligibility page

# **Small Districts Exception**

- Ranking and serving rules do not apply in these situations:
  - Single attendance area (a one-school district or one school per grade span) OR
  - District with enrollment < 1000</li>
- Small districts may serve any school(s) as deemed necessary by the district without regard to the ranking and serving rules
  - Be sure to check "eligible by other factors" on the Building Eligibility page if one of these situations applies

#### **Determine School Allocations**

- Determine the allocations to each Title I school on the School Allocations – PPA List page
  - The GMS automatically calculates the standard or 100% per pupil amount (PPA) by dividing the total I-A amount available to schools by the total number of low-income students in the Title I schools being served.
  - The 100% PPA is a guide to determine how to fund each Title I school.
  - Schools served in rank order may be funded at different per pupil amounts (PPA) as long as higher poverty schools have = or > PPA
- Calculate school allocation by multiplying the # of low-income students x per pupil amount (PPA)

#### 125% Rule

- Districts may in some cases serve schools with Title I that have less than 35% poverty
- 125% rule is required

Schools must be marked as "Eligible by Other Factors" on Building Eligibility page

GMS system automatically détermines if 125% PPA rule applies

Required minimum 125% PPA amount per school served is calculated by:

- Total I–A allocation ÷ total # of low-income students in district x 1.25
- Purpose of 125% rule is to concentrate Title I funds in higher poverty schools for more effective programs

# **Building Eligibility**

#### Example

<u>Building Name</u> (5 Buildings)	Number	<u>Grade Span</u>	Service	<u>Enrollment</u>	Low In Stud <u>Number</u>		Sort Order (Asc)	Eligibility For Service	Eligible By Other Factors	Prev. Served (Insert notes into log)
School A		PK-12	None •	18	12	66.67 %		<b>√</b>		
School B		PK-6	SW-Exist ▼	154	84	54.55 %		<b>V</b>		
School C		7-12	SW-Exist ▼	137	59	43.07 %		<b>V</b>		
School D		PK-12	TA 🔻	99	34	34.34 %		<b>V</b>	V	
School E		KG-12	None 🔻	43	2	4.65 %				
Totals:				451	191	42.35 %				

### School Allocations - PPA List

#### Example

#### School/Attendance Area Allocation

P = Public

NP = Nonpublic

Per Pupil Amount (PPA) \$ 995.38

School/		Low Income			Actual Allocation				
Attendance Area	%	#P	#NP	P + NP	PPA	P Amt	NP Amt	Total	
A	В	С	D	E PPA x (C+D)	F	G FxC	H FxD	l G+H	
School B	54.55	84	0	83,611.80	1,010.00	84,840.00	0.00	84,840.00	
School C	43.07	59	0	58,727.33	990.00	58,410.00	0.00	58,410.00	
School E	34.34	34	0	33,842.87	968.58	32,931.72	0.00	32,931.72	
	Total Low Income	177	0		Total Allocations	176,181.72	0.00	176,181.72	
							Remaining	0.28	

## Income Survey for Title I & E-rate

- See EED Guidance on Collection & Use of Income Data and Sample Income Survey for Title I & Erate along with instructions at <a href="http://education.alaska.gov/tls/TitleIA">http://education.alaska.gov/tls/TitleIA</a>
- Schools that may use this survey to identify students in the economically disadvantaged subgroup:
  - Schools without a school lunch program
  - Correspondence schools (income data could be collected as part of application for the school)
  - Provision 3 schools would use surveys in the years that household applications for school meals are not collected
  - CEP schools would use the surveys in every year because household applications for school meals are never collected